



PROF. DR. A. KREUZER • LICHER STR. 64 • 35394 GIEßEN

An den
Leitenden Oberstaatsanwalt bei dem
Landgericht Wiesbaden
Gerichtsstr. 2

65185 Wiesbaden

PROF. DR. JUR. ARTHUR KREUZER

Fachbereich 01 • Rechtswissenschaften

Professur für Kriminologie,
Jugendstrafrecht und Strafvollzug

Direktor des Instituts für Kriminologie an
der Justus-Liebig-Universität Gießen e.V.

Licher Straße 64 • 35394 Gießen

☎ (0641) 9921570 📠 9921579

@ arthur.kreuzer@recht.uni-giessen.de

🌐 <http://www.uni-giessen.de/~g11039>

Gießen, 08.12.2003

K/F

Investigation into the death of the English student Duggan

Dear leading State Attorney

Allow me to speak about the above mentioned matter and to encourage you to renew your investigations

I have – after being informed and interviewed by the Hessischer Rundfunk and after looking through the English newspapers and documents – come to the opinion that the case was closed somewhat too quickly. The information given to the HR by your authority that further investigation could be undertaken only if there was a concrete suspicion, appears to me not to be totally fitting. It is in the first instance only a matter of excluding a possible involvement of a third party and with it a criminal act in the case of a death, which initially appears to be suicide.

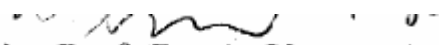
The diagnosis of suicide allows without any detraction that third-party involvement can have had an influence, for example in connection careless killing. The guidelines for the criminal rules about a post mortem even demand accurate investigation, if it is a matter of an unnatural death, and if the suspicion is only uttered that third parties may have had a part. This suspicion was present through the clear statement of the mother of the deceased, furthermore through the statements about the preceding telephone calls of the deceased about a state of fear connected to some sort of experiences in the dubious “Schiller Institute” which is known as right-radical and anti-Semitic. Further, the associated circumstances make it evident (hectic running along a great distance within half an hour without first having gone to the toilet as was evidenced by the post mortem in England). The “Diplomatic Care” seems to require it to go after such matters more accurately if even only a hint is awoken that it could be a case of death associated with an extreme political circumstances, be it a psychosis at the hands of an Anti-Semitic utterance or action which has released it or whether it was that a person was directly driven into a panic situation, which one cannot fully exclude with the stated facts. Also the foreign involvement and the expressions in the

English press, and the much more accurate inquiry by a Judge in England surely makes it necessary that we too go after the matter. It is true that the Coroner has also ended his inquiry, but he has however noted that he is incapable of making closer enquiries and that he would have expected such enquiries from the German authorities even if there are differences in the Laws. At any rate there is no legal reason to prevent further investigation.

A consideration of the next of kin, which is often the reason for not performing a post mortem, did not come into play here. However, that there is no cause here to start an concrete inquiry into any particular person, makes sense. However one should, out of legal, political and also diplomatic reasons go after the question whether there is an guilt-involvement of any person of this Institution in Wiesbaden. Conversation of investigating persons with those who directly participated in the events of the Schiller Organisation could suffer by the possibility that these persons themselves may have had an involvement in what has transpired.

I do not accept that such investigations are difficult, but am of the belief that we should avoid any appearance that we do not go after the matter with sufficient seriousness. It is with this in mind that I ask for consideration of my critical encouragement.

With friendly greetings


(Univ.-Prof. Dr. A. Kreuzer)

JUSTUS-LIEBIG-



UNIVERSITÄT
GIESSEN

PROF. DR. A. KREUZER • LICHER STR. 64 • 35394 GIESSEN

An den
Leitenden Oberstaatsanwalt bei dem
Landgericht Wiesbaden
Gerichtsstr. 2

65185 Wiesbaden

PROF. DR. JUR. ARTHUR KREUZER

Fachbereich 01 • Rechtswissenschaften

Professur für Kriminologie,
Jugendstrafrecht und Strafvollzug

Direktor des Instituts für Kriminologie an
der Justus-Liebig-Universität Gießen e.V.

Licher Straße 64 • 35394 Gießen

☎ (0641) 9921570 📠 9921579

@ arthur.kreuzer@recht.uni-giessen.de

🌐 <http://www.uni-giessen.de/~g11039>

Gießen, 15.12.2003

K/F


E. : 17.12.

Re: Jeremiah Duggan, my letter of 08.12.2003

Dear leading State Attorney

Further to my request of 10.12.2003 I allow my self to attach a letter which I have received from Mrs Duggan. She agrees with the forwarding of this letter. It concerns the report of the journalist Helmut Lorscheid about the case.

With friendly greetings


(Univ.-Prof. Dr. A. Kreuzer)